33 13. The method of claim 7 who can the amplified target polynucleotide is contacted with a label. 14. The method of cluim 7 wherein the amplified target polynucleotide is contacted with a labeled probe-15. The method of claim 7 wherein the amplified target polynucleotide is contacted with a second support which binds to the amplified target polynucleotide.

16. The method of claim-15-wherein the amplified target polynuclectide is confacted with a labeled probe-17. The method of claim 16 wherein the target polynucleotide is amplified with a polymerase.

18. The n ethod of chaim 17 wherein the target polynucleotide is a DNA polynucleotide and the polymerase is a DNA Delymerase.

19. A method for detecting a target polynucleotide contained in a sample comprising the steps of (a) contacting the sample with a first support which binds (a) other ting the sample with a first support which offices to the target polynicleotide;
(b) substantially separating the first support and bound target polynicleotide from the sample; (c) amplifying the sample with a DNA polymerase; (d) contacting the amplified target polynucleotide with a y contacting the amphines unger polymeratorine with a second support which binds to the amplified target polymerleotide and also with a labeled probe which binds to the amplified target polymeratide; and (e) detecting the presence of the amplified target poly-171 20. A kit for detecting a target polynucleotide contained in a sample comprising: (a) means for substantially separating the target polynucleotide from the sample; (b) means for amplifying the target polynucleotide; (c) means for binding the amplified target polynucleotide to a solid support; and (d) means for labeling the amplified target polymucleotide. 21. The kit of claim 20 wherein: (a) the means for substantially separating the target polynucleotide from the sample include a first support; (b) the means for amplifying the target polynucleotide include a polymerase: (c) the means for binding that amplified target polynucleotide to a solid support include a capture probe which binds to the solid support and to the amplified target polynucleotide; and (d) a detector probe for labeling the amplified target polynucleotide. 7 22. The kit of claim 21 further comprising a capture probe which binds to the first support and to the target.

23. The kit of claim 22 wherein the polymerase is a DNA polymerase and the detector probe is labeled. ]

24. A kit for amplifying a target polynucleotide contained in a sample comprising: (a) means for substantially separating the target polynucleotide from the sample and (b) means for amplifying the target polynucleotide. ]
25. The kit of claim 24 wherein: (a) the means for substantially separating the target polynucleotide from the sample includes a support which binds to the target polynucleotide and (b) the means for amplifying the target polynucleotide includes a polymerase. 26. The kit of claim 25 wherein: (a) the polymerase is a DNA polymerase; and (b) the means for substantially separating the target polynucleotide from the sample includes a probe which binds to the target polynucleotide and the support.

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27. A method for amplifying a target polynucleotidecontained in a sample medium comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting the sample medium with reagent compris-

ing a first nucleic acid probe which binds to the target

to form a probe-larget complex;

(b) contacting the sample medium with a support which binds to the first nucleic acid probe of the probe-target

complex; (c) substantially separating the support and bound probe-target complex from the sample medium:

(d) contacting the support and bound probe-target complex with a second medium:

(e) releasing the probe-target complex into the second

(f) substantially separating the support from the second medium: and

(g) amplifying the target polynucleotide.

28. A method for detecting a target polynucleotide contained in a sample medium comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting the sample medium with reagent comprising a first nucleic acid probe which binds to the target to form a probe-target complex;
(b) contacting the sample medium with a support which

binds to the first nucleic acid probe of the probe-target complex;

 (c) substantially separating the support and bound probe-target complex from the sample medium; (d) contacting the support and bound probe-target com-plex with a second medium;

(e) releasing the probe-target complex into the second medium;

(f) substantially separating the support from the second medium:

(g) amplifying the targer polynucleotide; and
(h) detecting the presence of the target polynucleotide. 29. The method of detecting a target polynucleotide of claim 28 wherein the target polynucleotide is amplified with

a polymerase.

30. The method for detecting a target polynucleotide of claim 29 wherein the polymerase is a DNA polymerase, an RNA polymerase, a transcriptuse, or Qβ-replicase.

31. The method for detecting a target polynucleotide of claim 30 wherein the polymerase is a DNA polymerase - 22. The method for amplifying a target polynucleotide of claim 27 wherein the target polynucleotide is amplified with

33. The method for amplifying a target polynucleotide of claim 32 wherein the polymerase is a DNA polymerase.

34. A method for sumplifying a target polymerase octation of a sample medium comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting the sample medium with a support and a probe which binds to the target polynucleotide and the

(b) substantially separating the support and bound probe and target polynuclootide from the sample medium;

(c) contacting the support and bound probe and target polynucleotide with a second medium; (d) releasing the target polynucleotide into the second

medium;

(e) substantially separating the support and bound probe from the second medium; and
(f) amplifying the target polynucleotide.
35. The method for amplifying a target polynucleotide of claim 34 wherein the target polynucleotide is amplified a

polymerase.

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36. The method for amplifying a target polyamelectide of claim 35 wherein the polymerase is a DNA polymerase. a maneriptase or QP reptices.

37. The method for amplifying a target polyamelectide of

claim 36 wherein the polymerase is a DNA polymerase.

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(b) substantially separating the support and bound probe and target polynucleotide from the sample medium;
(c) contacting the support and bound probe and target polynucleotide with a second medium;

(c) contacting the support and bound probe and target polynucleotide with a second medium;

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medium;

(e) substantially reparating the support and bound probe form the second medium;

(f) amplifying the target polynucleotide; and

(g) detecting the presence of the amplified target poly-

50 2 The method foldetesting a target polynucleotide of a polynucleotide with a polynucleotide is amplified with

40. The method for detecting a target polynucleotide of claim 39 wherein the polymerase is a DNA polymerase.

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